





PAGER Version 3

Created: 2 hours, 4 minutes after earthquake

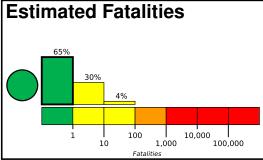
10,000

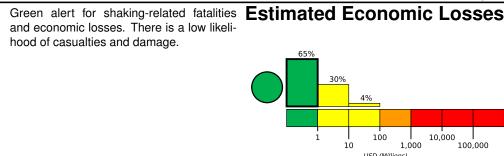
100,000

1,000

M 5.4, 8 km E of Yayladere, Turkey

Origin Time: 2021-06-25 18:28:38 UTC (Fri 21:28:38 local) Location: 39.2120° N 40.1629° E Depth: 10.0 km





Estimated Population Exposed to Earthquake Shaking

ESTIMATED POPULATION EXPOSURE (k=x1000)		_*	10,345k	415k	13k	1k	0	0	0	0
ESTIMATED MODIFIED MERCALLI INTENSITY		I	11-111	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X+
PERCEIVED	SHAKING	Not felt	Weak	Light	Moderate	Strong	Very Strong	Severe	Violent	Extreme
POTENTIAL DAMAGE	Resistant Structures	None	None	None	V. Light	Light	Moderate	Mod./Heavy	Heavy	V. Heavy
	Vulnerable Structures	None	None	None	Light	Moderate	Mod./Heavy	Heavy	V. Heavy	V. Heavy

^{*}Estimated exposure only includes population within the map area.

Population Exposure

38.1°N

39.0°E

population per 1 sq. km from Landscan 5000

Structures

Overall, the population in this region resides in structures that are a mix of vulnerable and earthquake resistant construction. The predominant vulnerable building types are adobe block and dressed stone/block masonry construction.

Historical Earthquakes

Date	Dist.	Mag.	Max	Shaking
(UTC)	(km)		MMI(#)	Deaths
2004-07-30	328	4.8	VI(2k)	1
1976-03-25	305	4.8	VI(1k)	1
1988-12-07	386	6.7	IX(50k)	25k

Recent earthquakes in this area have caused secondary hazards such as landslides that might have contributed to losses.

Selected City Exposure

from Ge	eoNames.org	
MMI	City	Population
V	Can	<1k
V	Yayladere	4k
IV	Sancak	<1k
IV	Karakocan	30k
IV	Kasaba	<1k
IV	Dereova	<1k
Ш	Elazig	298k
Ш	Diyarbakir	645k
Ш	Erzurum	421k
Ш	Batman	382k
Ш	Malatya	442k

bold cities appear on map.

Bitlis

(k = x1000)

	Caykara	
	Gumu nkhane	lspir Oltu
40.4 ° N Sebin (² arahisa)	Bayburt	Narman
T. S. C.	Kelkit	
	Fizincan Tercan	Erzurum
\$ 1	Erzincan	
		Hinis
39.2 N	Tunceli (È	

ur4n@er5e°E

PAGER content is automatically generated, and only considers losses due to structural damage. Limitations of input data, shaking estimates, and loss models may add uncertainty.

Diyarbakir

Siverek